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SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

85646

Access DB#

Requester's Full Name: Zohg Art Unit: 1614 Phone N Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location	Ch Fa \ (3) Number 308 - 160 n: Res	Examiner #: 666 4 6 Date: 1/2 4/03 Serial Number: 10/0 7 3/83 8 6 Sults Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL
If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.		
Include the elected species or structures, k	search topic, and describe seywords, synonyms, acro that may have a special n	onyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or neaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc., if
Title of Invention: 8- ISO	+ pstaglandi	as for glaviana Transpip
Inventors (please provide full names):	Sleven Podos	> Thomas Miltag, Bernord Beck
Earliest Priority Filing Date:	19/97	
For Sequence Searches Only Please incluappropriate serial number.	de all pertinent information	(parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the
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Ian Rush 8	earl Approx	Jan Delaval Reference Librarian Sistechnology & Chemical Library CM1 1E07 - 703-308-4498 jan delaval@uspto.gov
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STAFF USE ONLX	**************************************	**************************************
Searcher:	NA Sequence (#)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Searcher Phone #:	AA Sequence (#)	·
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Date Searcher Picked Up: 170 153.	Bibliographic	•
Date Completed: 12,01,03	Litigation	
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	Fulltext	Sequence Systems
Clerical Prep Time:	Patent Family	WWW/Internet

PTO-1590 (8-01)

=> fil reg File 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:58:41 ON 30 JAN 2003 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 29 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 483275-57-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 29 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 483275-57-6

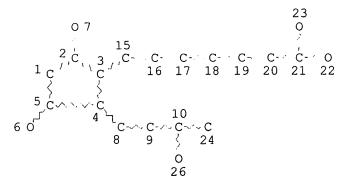
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

=> d sta que 133 L1 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 22
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 24
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L3 4523 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L1

L4 STR

Em Doleval
Em Judeo Librarian
Diok Ligidory & Chemical Library
Charles of H700-400-4666
Library Employed

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 22 CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 24 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 3628 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3 SSS FUL L4 L31 STR

VAR G1=16/25 VAR G2=44/34 VAR G3=AK/CB/47/48 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 41

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L32 667 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 CSS FUL L31

L33 7 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 AND 8 ISO?

=> d ide can tot 133

L33 ANSWER 1 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 31660-17-0 REGISTRY

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-,

(5Z,8.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)-(.+-.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

OTHER NAMES:

CN (.+-.)-8-Iso-PGE2

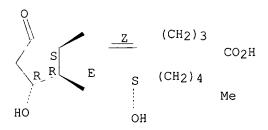
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H32 O5

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Relative stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

11 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

11 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 89:197010

REFERENCE 2: 86:120875

REFERENCE 3: 86:106037

REFERENCE 4: 86:72018

REFERENCE 5: 86:43275

REFERENCE 6: 86:43274

REFERENCE 7: 86:43273

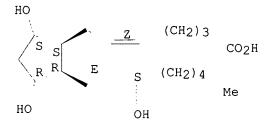
REFERENCE 8: 86:43272

REFERENCE 9: 86:43271

REFERENCE 10: 86:29419

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L33 ANSWER 2 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
RN
     27415-26-5 REGISTRY
     Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
CN
     (5Z,8.beta.,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)cyclopentyl]-
     (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
     15-F2t-Isoprostane
CN
CN
     8-epi-PGF2.alpha.
CN
     8-epi-Prostaglandin F2.alpha.
CN
     8-Iso-PGF2.alpha.
CN
     8-iso-Prostaglandin F2.alpha.
CN
     8-Isoprostaglandin F2.alpha.
CN
     Isoprostaglandin F2.alpha. type-III
FS
     STEREOSEARCH
MF
     C20 H34 O5
                  ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT,
LC
     STN Files:
       CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, EMBASE, MEDLINE,
       TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
```

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

352 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
355 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:37184 REFERENCE 138:24095 2: REFERENCE 138:19860 3 . REFERENCE 4: 138:13506 REFERENCE 5: 137:367829 REFERENCE 137:350753 6: REFERENCE 7: 137:346763 137:345874 REFERENCE 8: REFERENCE 9: 137:310717

REFERENCE 10: 137:273303

L33 ANSWER 3 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 27415-25-4 REGISTRY

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (5Z,8.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, stereoisomer (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 8-Iso-PGE2

CN 8-Isoprostaglandin E2

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H32 O5

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, EMBASE, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

O
$$E$$
 E E $CH_2)_4$ E CO_2H CO_2H CO_2H CO_2H

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

66 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

66 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:150553

REFERENCE 2: 137:77200

REFERENCE 3: 137:16027

REFERENCE 4: 136:32048

REFERENCE 5: 135:236932

REFERENCE 6: 135:147536

REFERENCE 7: 135:29381

REFERENCE 8: 134:361713

REFERENCE 9: 134:188516

REFERENCE 10: 134:126406

L33 ANSWER 4 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 26771-96-0 REGISTRY

CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, (8.beta.,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,1 3E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

OTHER NAMES:

CN 8-Epi-PGF1.alpha.

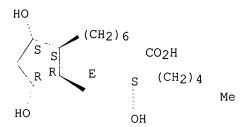
CN 8-Isoprostaglandin Fl.alpha.

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H36 O5

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

18 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
18 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:247522

REFERENCE 2: 137:150553

REFERENCE 3: 135:29381

REFERENCE 4: 134:880

REFERENCE 5: 132:232274

REFERENCE 6: 127:76160

REFERENCE 7: 99:206351

REFERENCE 8: 98:628

REFERENCE 9: 96:15330

REFERENCE 10: 90:201042

L33 ANSWER 5 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 26771-95-9 REGISTRY

CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, (8.beta.,9.beta.,11.alpha.,13 E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Cyclopentaneheptanoic acid, 3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)-, stereoisomer (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 8-Isoprostaglandin F1.beta.

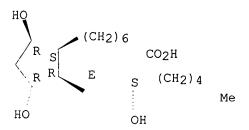
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H36 O5

BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, LC STN Files: USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

10 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE) 10 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE) REFERENCE 1: 137:247522 REFERENCE 2: 135:29381 134:880 REFERENCE 3: REFERENCE 127:76160 4: 73:109365 REFERENCE 5: REFERENCE 73:3535 6: REFERENCE 7: 72:132154 72:109830 REFERENCE 8: 72:100143 REFERENCE 9: REFERENCE 10: 72:100140

L33 ANSWER 6 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

21003-46-3 REGISTRY RN

Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, CN (8.beta., 11.alpha., 13E, 15S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

Cyclopentaneheptanoic acid, 3-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)-5-oxo-, stereoisomer (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

11.alpha.,15-(S)-Dihydroxy-9-oxo-13-trans-8-isoprostenoic acid CN

8-Iso-PGE1 CN

CN 8-iso-PGE1

8-Isoprostaglandin El CN

Isoprostaglandin El , CN

Ovinonic acid CN

FS STEREOSEARCH

23756-23-2 DR

C20 H34 O5 MF

BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, LCSTN Files: EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

40 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

40 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:150553

REFERENCE 2: 135:29381

REFERENCE 3: 134:188516

REFERENCE 4: 134:880

REFERENCE 5: 132:232274

REFERENCE 6: 131:238301

REFERENCE 7: 130:13467

REFERENCE 8: 130:10658

REFERENCE 9: 129:131581

REFERENCE 10: 128:304157

L33 ANSWER 7 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 7045-31-0 REGISTRY

CN Prosta-5,13,17-trien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,

(5Z,8.beta.,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S,17Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3.alpha.,5.alpha.-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1,5octadienyl)cyclopentyl]- (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 8-Iso-PGF3.alpha.

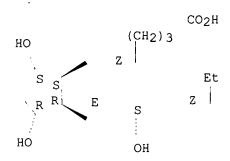
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H32 O5

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, TOXCENTER (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

13 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

13 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 136:335491

REFERENCE 2: 135:29381

REFERENCE 3: 134:361713

REFERENCE 4: 134:126402

REFERENCE 5: 134:880

REFERENCE 6: 132:232274

REFERENCE 7: 131:252650

REFERENCE 8: 131:238301

REFERENCE 9: 130:320932

REFERENCE 10: 127:171810

=> fil hcaplus

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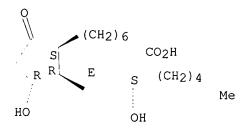
FILE COVERS 1907 - 30 Jan 2003 VOL 138 ISS 5 FILE LAST UPDATED: 29 Jan 2003 (20030129/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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L61 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
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AN
    130:10658
DN
    8-Isoprostaglandins for glaucoma therapy
ΤI
ΙN
    Podos, Steven M.; Mittag, Thomas W.; Becker,
    Bernard
    The Mount Sinai School of Medicine of the City University of New York, USA
PΑ
    PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
    ICM A61K031-215
IC
    1-12 (Pharmacology)
CC
    Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
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    WO 9850024
                    A1 19981112
                                          WO 1998-US9090
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    EP 1007028
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            IE, FI
                           19970509 <--
PRAI US 1997-853803
                     A2
    WO 1998-US9090
                      W
                           19980506
os
    MARPAT 130:10658
    The invention relates to the use of 8-isoprostaglandins
AR
    and their derivs. for decreasing intraocular pressure, e.g. in the
    treatment of glaucoma. It is based, at least in part, on the
    discovery that 8-isoprostaglandin E2 effectively
    decreased intraocular pressure by a trabecular meshwork outflow mechanism.
ST
    isoprostaglandin glaucoma treatment
IT
    Drug delivery systems
      Glaucoma (disease)
        (isoprostaglandins for glaucoma therapy)
IT
    Prostaglandins
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
    study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
    (Uses)
        (isoprostaglandins for glaucoma therapy)
    21003-46-3 21003-46-3D, derivs. 27415-25-4
IT
    27415-25-4D, derivs. 27415-26-5 27415-26-5D,
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
    study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (isoprostaglandins for glaucoma therapy)
            THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Bito; US 4599353 A 1986 HCAPLUS
    21003-46-3 21003-46-3D, derivs. 27415-25-4
    27415-25-4D, derivs. 27415-26-5 27415-26-5D,
    derivs.
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
    study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
```

(Uses)
(isoprostaglandins for glaucoma therapy)
RN 21003-46-3 HCAPLUS
CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-,
(8.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

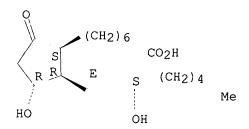
Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 21003-46-3 HCAPLUS CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (8.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

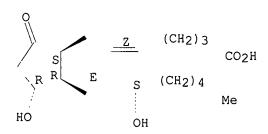
Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 27415-25-4 HCAPLUS CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (5Z,8.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 27415-25-4 HCAPLUS CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (5Z,8.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

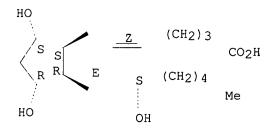
Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 27415-26-5 HCAPLUS Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, CN (5Z, 8.beta., 9.alpha., 11.alpha., 13E, 15S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 27415-26-5 HCAPLUS Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, CN (5Z, 8.beta., 9.alpha., 11.alpha., 13E, 15S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L61 1994:465605 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 121:65605 ΤI Prostaglandins for the treatment of glaucoma Woodward, David F. ΙN PΑ Allergan, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent LA English IC ICM A61K031-557 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 1

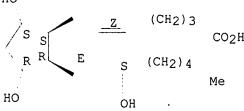
PATENT NO.

FAN.CNT 1

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

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                                            WO 1993-US10853 19931109 <--
                       A1 19940526
ΡÌ
     WO 9411002
         W: AU, CA, HU, JP, NZ
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                                            US 1992-975194
                                                              19921112 <--
     US 6124353
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                       Α
     AU 9455986
                       Α1
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                                            AU 1994-55986
                                                              19931109 <--
PRAI US 1992-975194
                       Α
                             19921112
                                      <--
                             19931109
     WO 1993-US10853
                       W
                                       <--
OS
     MARPAT 121:65605
     Glaucoma is treated by applying to the eye an amt. sufficient to
AΒ
     treat ocular hypertension of prostaglandins of the D,
     E, and F series, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
     Intraocular pressure-reducing activities of 8-epi PGF2.alpha. and 8-epi
     PGF2.alpha. 1-Me ester were demonstrated with rabbits and monkeys.
ST
     ophthalmic prepn prostaglandin glaucoma
ΙT
     Glaucoma (disease)
        (treatment of, with ophthalmic prepns. contg. prostaglandins)
ΙT
     Prostaglandins
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (D, ophthalmic prepns. contq., for treatment of ocular
        hypertension)
IT
     Prostaglandins
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (E, ophthalmic prepns. contg., for treatment of ocular
        hypertension)
     Prostaglandins
IT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (F, ophthalmic prepns. contg., for treatment of ocular
        hypertension)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
ΙT
        (ophthalmic, prostaglandins in, for treatment of ocular
        hypertension)
IT
     27415-26-5
                  96244-10-9
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (ophthalmic prepns. contg., for treatment of ocular
        hypertension)
     27415-26-5
IT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (ophthalmic prepns. contg., for treatment of ocular
        hypertension)
     27415-26-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
CN
     (5Z, 8.beta., 9.alpha., 11.alpha., 13E, 15S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
Double bond geometry as shown.
НО
                   (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>
                           CO<sub>2</sub>H
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=> fil uspatall FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 18:13:09 ON 30 JAN 2003 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS) FILE 'USPAT2' ENTERED AT 18:13:09 ON 30 JAN 2003 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS) => d bib ab kwic hitstr tot 186 L86 ANSWER 1 OF 2 USPATFULL 2000:128385 USPATFULL ΑN ΤI Method of treating ocular hypertension with 8-epi prostaglandins Woodward, David F., El Toro, CA, United States ΙN Allergan Sales, Inc., Irvine, CA, United States (U.S. corporation) PΑ 20000926 PΙ US 6124353 US 1992-975194 19921112 (7) ΑI DТ Utility FS Granted EXNAM Primary Examiner: Cintins, Marianne Baran, Robert J., Voet, Martin A., Fisher, Carlos A. Number of Claims: 17 CLMN Exemplary Claim: 1 ECL DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 554 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. The present invention provides a method of treating ocular AΒ hypertension which comprises applying to the eye an amount sufficient to treat ocular hypertension of a compound of formula (I) ##STR1## wherein the wavy line attachments indicate either alpha (.alpha.) or beta (.beta.) configuration; hatched lines indicate .alpha. configuration, solid triangles are used to indicate .beta. configuration; the dashed bonds represent a single bond or a double bond which can be in the cis or trans configuration; X is selected from the group consisting of H, R or a pharmaceuticallyacceptable cation, and R is an aliphatic hydrocarbon group of about 1 to about 6 carbon atoms; one of R.sub.1 and R.sub.2 is .dbd.0, --OH or an --O(CO)R.sub.4 group, and the other one is --OH or an --O(CO)R.sub.4group or R.sub.1 is .dbd.O and R.sub.2 is H; R.sub.3 is --OH or --O(CO)R.sub.4, wherein R.sub.4 is a saturated or unsaturated acyclic hydrocarbon group having from 1 to about 20 carbon atoms, or --(CH.sub.2).sub.n R.sub.5 wherein n is 0-10, and R.sub.5 is an aliphatic ring from about 3 to about 7 carbon atoms, or an aromatic or heteroaromatic ring; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. ΤI Method of treating ocular hypertension with 8-epi prostaglandins The present invention provides a method of treating ocular AΒ hypertension which comprises applying to the eye an amount sufficient to treat ocular hypertension of a compound of formula (I) ##STR1## wherein the wavy line attachments indicate either alpha (.alpha.) or beta (.beta.) configuration;. . prostaglandins and C-1 ester derivatives thereof. Such SUMM compounds are potent ocular hypotensives, and are particularly suitable for the management of glaucoma. . . useful in the treatment of a number of ocular hypertensive SUMM conditions, such as post-surgical and post-laser trabeculectomy ocular hypertensive episodes, glaucoma, and as presurgical adjuncts. Glaucoma is a disease of the eye characterized by increased SUMM intraocular pressure. On the basis of its etiology, glaucoma has been classified as primary or secondary. For example, primary glaucoma in adults (congenital glaucoma) may be either open-angle or acute or chronic angle-closure. Secondary glaucoma results from pre-existing ocular diseases such as uveitis, intraocular tumor or an enlarged cataract. SUMM The underlying causes of primary glaucoma are not yet known. The increased intraocular tension is due to the obstruction of aqueous

SUMM

SUMM

SUMM

SUMM

SUMM

SUMM

SUMM

CLM

IΤ

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humor outflow. In chronic open-angle glaucoma, the anterior
   chamber and its anatomic structures appear normal, but drainage of the
   aqueous humor is impeded. In acute or chronic angle-closure
   glaucoma, the anterior chamber is shallow, the filtration angle
   is narrowed, and the iris may obstruct the trabecular meshwork at the.
        produce pupillary block and thus precipitate an acute attack. Eyes
   with narrow anterior chamber angles are predisposed to acute
   angle-closure glaucoma attacks of various degrees of severity.
   Secondary glaucoma is caused by any interference with the flow
   of aqueous humor from the posterior chamber into the anterior chamber
   Considering all types together, glaucoma occurs in about 2% of
   all persons over the age of 40 and may be asymptotic for years before
   progressing. . . vision. In cases where surgery is not indicated,
   topical .beta.-adrenoreceptor antagonists have traditionally been the
   drugs of choice for treating glaucoma.
        . shows that some prostaglandins are highly effective ocular
   hypotensive agents, and are ideally suited for the long-term medical
  management of glaucoma (see, for example, Bito, L. Z.
   Biological Protection with Prostaglandins Cohen, M. M., ed., Boca Raton,
   Fla., CRC Press Inc., 1985, pp. 231-252; and Bito, L. Z., Applied
   Pharmacology in the Medical Treatment of Glaucomas Drance, S.
   M. and Neufeld, A. H. eds., New York, Grune & Stratton, 1984, pp.
   477-505). Such prostaglandins include PGF.sub.2.alpha.,.
   . . C.sub.5 alkyl esters of the latter compound, were reported to
  possess ocular hypotensive activity and were recommended for use in
  glaucoma management. It was suggested that the C.sub.1 to
   C.sub.5 alkyl esters of PGF.sub.2.alpha., such as its methyl and
   isopropyl esters,.
     . . 1-isopropyl ester, in humans. The clinical potentials of
   prostaglandins in the management of conditions associated with increased
   ocular pressure, e.g. glaucoma are greatly limited by these
   side effects.
   In one aspect, the present invention relates to a method of treating
   ocular hypertension which comprises applying to the
   eye an amount sufficient to treat ocular hypertension
   of a compound of formula (I) ##STR2## wherein the wavy line attachments
   indicate either alpha (.alpha.) or beta (.beta.) configuration;.
   In a preferred embodiment, such pharmaceutical compositions are in the
   form of ophthalmic solutions for the treatment of ocular
   hypertension, comprising an amount sufficient to treat
   ocular hypertension of a compound of formula (I) as
   hereinabove defined, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
   What is claimed is:
   1. A method of treating ocular hypertension which
   comprises applying to the eye an amount sufficient to treat
   ocular hypertension of a compound of formula (I) while
   lowering hyperemia as compared to the corresponding iso form of the
   compound ##STR7##.
   11. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 10 wherein said aqueous
   solution is an ophthalmic solution.for the treatment of ocular
   hypertension comprising an amount sufficient to treat
   ocular hypertension of said compound of formula (I) or
   an ophthalmically acceptable salt thereof.
  Glaucoma (disease)
    (treatment of, with ophthalmic prepns. contg. prostaglandins)
             96244-10-9
27415-26-5
    (ophthalmic prepns. contg., for treatment of ocular hypertension)
27415-26-5
    (ophthalmic prepns. contg., for treatment of ocular hypertension) .
 27415-26-5 USPATFULL
 Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
```

(5Z, 8.beta., 9.alpha., 11.alpha., 13E, 15S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

```
НО
                           CO2H
                  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>
                          Me
НО
               OH
L86 ANSWER 2 OF 2 USPATFULL
       2000:31442 USPATFULL
AN
TТ
       8-iso- prostaglandins for glaucoma therapy
IN
       Podos, Steven M., Tenafly, NJ, United States
       Mittag, Thomas W., Pleasantville, NY, United States
       Becker, Bernard, University City, MO, United States
       Mount Sinai School of Medicine, New York, NY, United States (U.S.
PΑ
       corporation)
                               20000314
PΙ
       US 6037368
ΑI
       US 1998-73552
                               19980506 (9)
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 1997-853803, filed on 9 May 1997, now
RLI
       abandoned
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM
      Primary Examiner: Fay, Zohreh
       Bakerbotts LLP
LREP
       Number of Claims: 21
CLMN
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 381
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention relates to the use of 8-iso prostaglandins and
AΒ
       their derivatives for decreasing intraocular pressure, for example in
       the treatment of glaucoma It is based, at least in part, on
       the discovery that 8-iso prostaglandin E.sub.2 effectively decreased
       intraocular pressure by a trabecular meshwork outflow mechanism.
       8-iso- prostaglandins for glaucoma therapy
ΤI
       . . . relates to the use of 8-iso prostaglandins and their
AΒ
       derivatives for decreasing intraocular pressure, for example in the
       treatment of glaucoma It is based, at least in part, on the
       discovery that 8-iso prostaglandin E.sub.2 effectively decreased
       intraocular pressure by a. .
       . . . relates to the use of 8-iso prostaglandins and their
SUMM
       derivatives for decreasing intraocular pressure, for example in the
       treatment of glaucoma. It is based, at least in part, on the
       discovery that 8-iso prostaglandin E.sub.2 effectively decreased
       intraocular pressure by a. .
SUMM
       Glaucoma is a major eye disease which can cause progressive
       loss of vision leading to blindness. The majority of human
       glaucomas are associated with increased intraocular pressure
       ("IOP") resulting from an imbalance in the rate of secretion of aqueous
       humor by. . . humor outflow from these chambers, primarily via the
       canal of Schlemm. High IOP is considered the major risk factor for
       glaucomatous visual impairment resulting from the death of
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retinal ganglion cells, loss of the nerve fiber layer in the retina,

Glaucoma is typically classified, on the basis of its

and.

SUMM

etiology, as primary or secondary. Primary <code>glaucoma</code> in adults, a disorder in which the underlying cause is poorly understood, is associated with increased IOP due to an. . . open angle or acute or chronic angle closure. The anterior chamber of the eye appears normal in chronic open angle <code>glaucoma</code>, despite impaired drainage of aqueous humor. In contrast, the anterior chamber is shallow and the filtration angle is narrowed in chronic angle-closure <code>glaucoma</code>, wherein the trabecular meshwork and the canal of Schlemm may be obstructed by the iris. An acute attack of <code>glaucoma</code> may arise in this context when the pupil dilates, pushing the root of the iris forward to block the angle.

- SUMM Secondary **glaucoma** is caused by another disorder which functionally interferes with the outflow of aqueous humor or the flow from the posterior. . .
- SUMM . . . decreasing the formation of aqueous humor within the eye. Pilocarpine and epinephrine are clinical agents that also lower IOP in glaucomatous eyes, but these drugs act principally by decreasing the resistance in the trabecular meshwork outflow channels. A third mechanism for. . . prostaglandin derivative belonging to the F2.alpha. series of prostanoids, which acts primarily by this uveoscleral mechanism, has been introduced for glaucoma therapy. This drug, called latanoprost, is the isopropyl ester of a compound having the following structure: ##STR1##
- SUMM Prostaglandins which may be used in the treatment of **glaucoma** are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,476,872 by Garst et al., 4,599,353 by Bito, 5,262,437 by Chan, 5,462,968 by Woodward, . . .
- SUMM The present invention relates to prostaglandins which are structurally different from latanoprost and other prostaglandins used in the treatment of glaucoma, and that belong to the 8-iso series of prostanoids, for example 8-iso PGE.sub.2, 8-iso PGE.sub.2 and 8-iso-PGF.sub.2.alpha.. In contrast to. . .
- SUMM . . . use of 8-iso prostanoids in methods which decrease intraocular pressure ("IOP") in the eye, for example in the treatment of glaucoma. The 8-iso-prostanoids of the invention have a common structure according to formula I: ##STR2## where either bond W or bond.
- SUMM . . . advantage in that the trabecular meshwork is the primary locus of the pathology causing increased IOP in primary open angle glaucoma.
- SUMM . . . the invention to a subject in need of such treatment. Such a method may be used in the treatment of **glaucoma** in a subject. Suitable formulations include for example, and not by way of limitation, a topical solution which is a. . .
- SUMM According to the invention, IOP may be decreased, and/or glaucoma may be treated, using compositions comprising an 8-iso prostanoid of the invention as the sole active agent, or in conjunction.
- DETD Experiments were performed to evaluate the effects of single dose administration of 8-iso PGE.sub.2 on IOP in normal ("N") and glaucomatous ("G") monkey eyes, and to determine the mechanism by which 8-iso PGE.sub.2 alters IOP in N monkey eyes, when applied.
- Table 2 shows the effect of 8-iso PGE.sub.2 on IOP and outflow facility in glaucomatous monkey eyes. Because of the individual variability in laser-induced glaucomatous monkey eyes, the IOP and facility measurements are expressed in the table as ratios (value of the drug-treated eye.div.the value of the vehicle-treated eye). The ratios were calculated from the values of the same glaucomatous monkey eye determined immediately prior to administration of the drug or the vehicle (time 0 hrs.), and the values at. . . of the drug or vehicle. The data in Table 2 show that in the primate, administration of 8-iso PGE.sub.2 to glaucomatous eyes significantly lowers IOP (by 13.8%) and significantly increases outflow facility (by 38.8%),

which is of sufficient magnitude to account for the fall in IOP. Thus the mechanism of lowering IOP by 8-iso PGE.sub.2 in both normal and **glaucomatous** eyes is primarily due to an increase in aqueous humor trabecular outflow.

DETD

Time

TABLE 2

Effect of 0.1% 8-iso PGE.sub.2 on IOP and Outflow Facility Responses in 8 Glaucomatous Monkey Eyes (Unilateral)

Intraocular Pressure

Outflow facility

(drug-treated/

(drug-treated/

vehicle-treated)

venicle cleated

vehicle treated)
0 hr 2 hr 0 hr 2 hr

Response. . .

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Set Det De Ce de la composizione de la control de la contr
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IT Drug delivery systems

IT Glaucoma (disease)

(isoprostaglandins for glaucoma therapy)

IT 21003-46-3 21003-46-3D, derivs. 27415-25-4 27415-25-4D, derivs. 27415-26-5 27415-26-5D,

(isoprostaglandins for glaucoma therapy)
T 21003-46-3 21003-46-3D, derivs. 27415-25-4
27415-25-4D, derivs. 27415-26-5 27415-26-5D,

(isoprostaglandins for glaucoma therapy)

RN 21003-46-3 USPATFULL

CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (8.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

CCH₂) 6

CO₂H

E

S

(CH₂) 4

Me

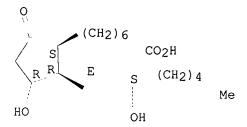
HO

OH

```
RN 21003-46-3 USPATFULL
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CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (8.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

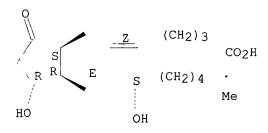
Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 27415-25-4 USPATFULL

Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, CN (5Z, 8.beta., 11.alpha., 13E, 15S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

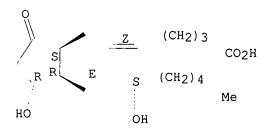
> Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



RN27415-25-4 USPATFULL

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (5Z, 8.beta., 11.alpha., 13E, 15S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

> Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.



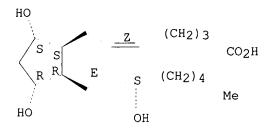
27415-26-5 USPATFULL

RN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, CN (5Z,8.beta.,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 27415-26-5 USPATFULL CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, (5Z,8.beta.,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.



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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:16:52 ON 30 JAN 2003)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:17:14 ON 30 JAN 2003 SET COST OFF L1STR L2 50 S L1 CSS L3 4523 S L1 CSS FUL SAV TEMP L3 FAY073/A STR L1 L43628 S L4 FUL SUB=L3 L5 SAV TEMP L5 FAY073A/A STR L4 1.6 L7 0 S L6 FUL SUB=L5 L8 STR L6 L9 50 S L8 SAM SUB=L5 L10 1817 S L8 FUL SUB=L5 SAV L10 TEMP FAY073B/A L11 STR L8 L12 829 S L11 FUL SUB=L10 SAV TEMP L12 FAY073C/A L13 STR L11 L14 12 S L13 CSS SAM SUB=L12 L15 338 S L13 CSS FUL SUB=L12 SAV L15 TEMP FAY073D/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:36:00 ON 30 JAN 2003 E PODOS S/AU

L16 100 S E5,E6,E8 E MITTAG T/AU

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L17
             92 S E3, E4, E6-E12
                E BECKER B/AU
            385 S E3-E18, E40-E43
L18
          14388 S L15
L19
              8 S L16-L18 AND L19
L20
                SEL RN
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L21
             13 S E1-E13
L22
              2 S L21 AND L15
L23
              4 S L21 AND L3
L24
              4 S L22, L23
L25
              9 S L21 NOT L24
              2 S L23 NOT L22
L26
              4 S L5 AND L21
L27
              2 S L10 AND L21
L28
                STR L8
L29
             50 S L29 SAM SUB=L5
L30
L31
                STR L13
            667 S L31 CSS FUL SUB=L5
L32
                SAV L32 FAY073E/A
              7 S L32 AND 8 ISO?
L33
     FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 17:47:04 ON 30 JAN 2003
              2 S L33
L34
                SEL AN
                EDIT /AN /OREF
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L35
              3 S E14-E15
     FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 17:49:03 ON 30 JAN 2003
     FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 17:49:07 ON 30 JAN 2003
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:49:13 ON 30 JAN 2003
L36
            424 S L33
L37
              7 S L36 AND L16-L18
            157 S L36 AND (PD<=19970509 OR PRD<=19970509 OR AD<=19970509)
L38
              2 S L38 AND ?GLAUCOM?
L39
                E GLAUCOMA/CT
L40
           2997 S E3-E6, E12
                E E4+ALL
           2936 S E5,E4
L41
                E E10 ALL
                E GLAUCOMA/CT
                E E4+ALL
           2936 S E4,E5
L42
           4580 S E6-E9/BI
L43
                E E10+ALL
L44
            975 S E3
L45
           1159 S E3-E6/BI
L46
              2 S L38 AND L40-L45
L47
          35768 S L32
          30307 S L47 AND (PD<=19970509 OR PRD<=19970509 OR AD<=19970509)
L48
L49
             85 S L48 AND L40-L45
L50
             75 S L48 AND ?GLAUCOM?
L51
             86 S L49, L50
L52
              1 S L51 AND 8 ISO?
                 E PROSTAGLANDIN/CT
                E E58+ALL
L53
            537 S E3 (L) ISO?
L54
              5 S L53 AND L40-L45
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: .

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5 S L53 AND ?GLAUCOM?
L55
L56
              5 S L54, L55
L57
              6 S L39, L46, L52, L56
L58
              2 S L57 AND 8 ISO?
              3 S L57, L58 AND (PD<=19970509 OR PRD<=19970509 OR AD<=19970509)
L59
              2 S L59 NOT RABBITS/TI
L60
              2 S L60 AND L16-L20, L35-L60
L61
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     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:59:02 ON 30 JAN 2003
     FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 18:00:02 ON 30 JAN 2003
L62
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L63
              3 S L62 AND ?GLAUCOM?
              3 S L62 AND L43, L45
L64
              3 S L63, L64
L65
                E PROSTAGLANDIN/CT
                E PROSTAGLANDINS/CT
                E E3+ALL
L66
          69795 S E51+NT
          59887 S L66, L62 AND PY<=1997
L67
            196 S L67 AND L43, L45
L68
                E GLAUCOMA/CT
                E E3+ALL
L69
          23660 S E4+NT
                E E3+ALL
          24576 S E3+NT
L70
            196 S L67 AND L43, L45
L72
            162 S L67 AND L69,L70
            196 S L71, L72
L73
              0 S L73 AND 8 ISO?
L74
              3 S L65 AND L66
L75
                E PROSTAGLANDINS F/CT
                E E4+ALL
           1270 S E52
L76
L77
             65 S L76 AND L73
                E PROSTAGLANDINS E/CT
                E E3=ALL
                E PROSTAGLANDINS E/CT
                E E3+ALL
          14072 S E50
L78
                E PROSTAGLANDINS E/CT
                E E4+ALL
           1477 S E52
L79
             18 S L73 AND L78, L79
L80
L81
              0 S L80 AND 8
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L82
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              2 S L82 AND ?GLAUCOM?
L83
L84
              2 S L82 AND L43, L45
                E GLAUCOMA/CT
L85
              2 S L82 AND E4
L86
              2 S L83-L85
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FILE 'USPATFULL, USPAT2' ENTERED AT 18:13:09 ON 30 JAN 2003